

Centre No.							Paper Reference				Surname	Initial(s)
Candidate No.					6	6	8	1	/	0	1	Signature

Paper Reference(s)

6681/01

Edexcel GCE

Mechanics M5

Advanced/Advanced Subsidiary

Monday 25 June 2012 – Afternoon

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Examiner’s use only

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Team Leader’s use only

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Question Number	Leave Blank
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
Total	

Materials required for examination	Items included with question papers
Mathematical Formulae (Pink)	Nil

Candidates may use any calculator allowed by the regulations of the Joint Council for Qualifications. Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation or symbolic differentiation/integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae stored in them.

Instructions to Candidates

In the boxes above, write your centre number, candidate number, your surname, initials and signature. Check that you have the correct question paper.
 Answer ALL the questions.
 You must write your answer to each question in the space following the question.
 Whenever a numerical value of g is required, take $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$.
 When a calculator is used, the answer should be given to an appropriate degree of accuracy.

Information for Candidates

A booklet ‘Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables’ is provided.
 Full marks may be obtained for answers to ALL questions.
 The marks for individual questions and the parts of questions are shown in round brackets: e.g. (2).
 There are 7 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
 There are 28 pages in this question paper. Any blank pages are indicated.

Advice to Candidates

You must ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
 You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear to the Examiner.
 Answers without working may not gain full credit.



Turn over



1. A particle P moves in a plane such that its position vector \mathbf{r} metres at time t seconds ($t > 0$) satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{d\mathbf{r}}{dt} - \frac{2}{t}\mathbf{r} = 4\mathbf{i}$$

When $t = 1$, the particle is at the point with position vector $(\mathbf{i} + \mathbf{j})$ m.

Find \mathbf{r} in terms of t .

(9)



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3. A uniform rod PQ , of mass m and length $3a$, is free to rotate about a fixed smooth horizontal axis L , which passes through the end P of the rod and is perpendicular to the rod. The rod hangs at rest in equilibrium with Q vertically below P . One end of a light inextensible string of length $2a$ is attached to the rod at P and the other end is attached to a particle of mass $3m$. The particle is held with the string taut, and horizontal and perpendicular to L , and is then released. After colliding, the particle sticks to the rod forming a body B .

(a) Show that the moment of inertia of B about L is $15ma^2$. **(2)**

(b) Show that B first comes to instantaneous rest after it has turned through an angle $\arccos\left(\frac{9}{25}\right)$. **(10)**



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Question 7 continued

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